12 FAH-7 H-530 SURVEILLANCE DETECTION PROGRAM (SDP) TRAINING

(TL:LGP-01; 08-10-2001)

12 FAH-7 H-531 INTRODUCTION

(TL:LGP-01; 08-10-2001)

- a. The SDP objective is to enhance the prospects of preventing a terrorist attack by recognizing the initial hostile surveillance directed against mission personnel or facilities. The program also seeks to give every possible means of support, directly or by calling for assistance, in case an imminent attack is uncovered. In order to enable these goals to be achieved, the proper initial and follow-on training is key.
- b. Timely resolution of surveillance activity directed against our interests is paramount. However, mission assets (local guards as well as surveillance detection personnel), in most cases, do not have the authority to confront suspected surveillants, nor do we want to put them at risk. Therefore, in order to resolve suspected surveillance activity, assistance from host government authorities is usually necessary. RSOs must develop standard operating procedures with the host government security and law enforcement forces to efficiently and expeditiously investigate and resolve incidents of suspected surveillance.
- c. DS/CIS/PSP/FPD has published a field guide titled "Surveillance Detection Management and Operations." All RSOs must be familiar with the material contained in this guide. For a copy of this guide, contact DS/CIS/PSP/FPD.
- d. For tracking and assessment purposes, reports of surveillance activity must be submitted in a uniform format. A surveillance detection report format can be found in 12 FAH-7 Appendix VI-1.

12 FAH-7 H-532 TRAINING RESPONSIBILITY FOR SD SPECIALISTS AND SUPERVISORS

(TL:LGP-01; 08-10-2001)

The U.S. Government shall provide the initial training to surveillance detection specialists and supervisors, including the operation of all SD equipment. A team provided by DS/CIS/PSP/FPD normally gives the training. Giving as much lead time as possible, the RSO should make arrangements for training with DS/CIS/PSP/FPD. Any subsequent training, including SD recertification training, will be provided by the U.S. Government unless stipulated otherwise in a NPS contract.

12 FAH-7 H-533 SDP GENERAL AND/OR POST ORDERS

(TL:LGP-01; 08-10-2001)

- a. General and post orders for the SDP are as follows:
- (1) Surveillance detection operations are overt and are not to be considered as a replacement for ongoing efforts; they will only supplement activities already in place;
- (2) Surveillance detection operations are intended to be an early warning vehicle to detect rather than protect unless an imminent attack is uncovered; and
- (3) Since coordination and cooperation with host country police and/or security forces will be required, it will be essential to recognize any political sensitivities that may arise and be able to adapt the program to accomplish its objectives while easing any concerns by either the mission or the host country.
 - b. SDP objectives are as follows:
- (1) Identify and report suspected surveillance of official facilities, designated residences, routes of travel and U.S. personnel to the RSO and/or PSO;
- (2) Verify reported surveillance activity as directed by the RSO and/or PSO:
- (3) Assist the RSO and/or PSO in evaluation of individual personal security practices;
- (4) Provide protective surveillance of U.S. personnel, upon direction of the RSO and/or PSO; and

- (5) Assist the RSO and/or PSO in route planning and analysis.
- c. Appropriate SDP methods are:
- (1) Mobile surveillance using foot, motorcycle, or automobile;
- (2) Fixed methods (vantage points planned and chosen for available cover for status and action or concealment); and
- (3) Specific methods shall be flexible, adapting to situational variables.
 - d. Dedicated SDP mobile patrols are responsible:
- (1) To identify and immediately report to the RSO and/or PSO, suspected surveillance of U.S. facilities or personnel;
- (2) To assist surveillance detection teams in evaluation of individual personal security practices as directed by the RSO and/or PSO;
 - (3) To directly support surveillance detection team operations;
 - (4) Upon request, to provide protective surveillance of U.S. personnel;
- (5) Upon direction, to become familiar with the vehicles used in their patrol areas; and
- (6) To identify suspicious or unusual people, vehicles, activities, buildings, or containers to the RSO and/or PSO or his or her designee.

12 FAH-7 H-534 FUNDING

(TL:LGP-01; 08-10-2001)

DS/CIS/PSP/FPD provides funds for the SDP. The funding requirements should be included in the annual ICASS budget submission.

12 FAH-7 H-535 THROUGH H-539 UNASSIGNED